

- 1p 5 What could new onboard radar technology do, according to paragraph 2?
- A attack intruders with automatic guns
 - B detect planes from a great distance
 - C help pilots reach unlit destinations
 - D shut down lights in targeted cities
- 1p 6 Which of the following fits the gap in paragraph 3?
- A and scientists made improvements
 - B but this truth was stretched a little
 - C so people were encouraged to eat them
 - D therefore a military operation failed

Tekst 4 Why do we have school meals?

- 1p 7 How is the topic of school meals introduced in paragraph 1?
- A by emphasising that they are a typically British phenomenon
 - B by making clear that they are prepared by untrained cooks
 - C by stating that they have been the object of criticism for many years
 - D by stressing that they used to be better than they are nowadays
- 1p 8 What becomes clear from paragraph 2?
- A Children are becoming more selective eaters.
 - B Schools offer meals that are budget-friendly.
 - C The number of poor households has increased.
- 1p 9 'concerns raised about the adequacy of the meals provided and the nutritional quality of the food served' (alinea 2)
→ Leg uit wat veel leerlingen doen vanwege de kwaliteit van de schoolmaaltijden, **volgens een latere alinea?**
Geef antwoord in het Nederlands.
- 1p 10 Which of the following fits the gap in paragraph 3?
- A All the same
 - B As a result
 - C However
 - D In the meantime
 - E Likewise
- 1p 11 What is said about the decades after World War II in paragraph 4?
- A Greater general prosperity gave rise to better eating habits.
 - B Innovations and the use of standards led to dietary improvements.
 - C New appliances made it easier to prepare ready-made dishes.
 - D Schools were encouraged to serve more protein-rich food.

- 1p 12 What is the main point made about school catering in paragraph 5?
A It became a service that could be commercially exploited.
B It had become too much of a burden for the government.
C It needed a more professional business model to survive.
- 2p 13 Worden de volgende suggesties voor het verbeteren van schoolmaaltijden in alinea 6-7 genoemd?
Omcirkel 'wel' of 'niet' achter elk nummer in de uitwerkbijlage.
1 Er zou gebruik gemaakt moeten worden van producten uit de buurt.
2 Er zouden meer vegetarische maaltijden aangeboden moeten worden.
3 De overheid zou zich moeten concentreren op één probleem per keer.
- 1p 14 'Why do we have school meals?' (title)
What was the original aim of offering free school meals, according to this text?
A to get youngsters to develop healthy appetites
B to give underfed children some extra nourishment
C to offer British farmers a market for their products
D to show children what a proper meal should look like

Tekst 5 British boat-dwellers left out in the cold

- 1p 15 'emitting smoke from wood burners that damages the environment' (alinea 1)
→ In welke alinea wordt **voor het eerst** de omvang beschreven van de milieuschade die houtkachels veroorzaken?
Noteer het nummer van deze alinea.
- 1p 16 What is the biggest concern of the NBTA, judging from paragraphs 2 and 3?
They fear that people living on boats will
A be given higher fines than people living in houses.
B endure uncomfortable temperatures to avoid fines.
C use harmful energy sources to prevent getting fines.
- 1p 17 Which of the following fits the gap in paragraph 3?
A do it out of desperation, not out of choice
B know it is unhealthy, but they do not care
C tend to distrust new technology
D try to follow all the regulations