

Vraag **31** Which of the following fits the gap in paragraph 3? (1 punt)

- A absence of randomness
- B lack of empathy
- C need for closure
- D search for validation
- E sense of fragility

Vraag **32** What is one of the purposes of this letter? (1 punt)

- A to affirm that Roth's novels still rightly receive serious attention
- B to clarify why it took a while before Roth's works got good reviews
- C to emphasise that a conference dedicated to Roth was long overdue
- D to stress the global impact of Roth's work on the literary landscape

Tekst 8

Vraag **33** Komen de volgende beweringen over Wales overeen met de inhoud van alinea's 1-3? (2 punten)

Noteer 'wel' of 'niet' achter elk nummer op het antwoordblad.

- 1 It did not belong to the Anglo-Saxon realm.
- 2 It started out as a francophone community.
- 3 It waged battles to gain dominance over Britain.
- 4 Its name started as an insult but was reclaimed as a badge of pride.

Vraag **34** What is the main function of the aside (the part in between brackets) in paragraph 4? (1 punt)

- A to clarify why the author thinks that knowing all the details can be relevant
- B to clear up an observation made by the author earlier in the book
- C to point out that the author has done extensive scientific research
- D to stress that the author favours entertainment over comprehensive detail

Er zijn twee woordgroepen weggelaten uit alinea 5 (zie **35-1** en **35-2**).

Vraag **35** Welke woordgroepen horen op de lege plekken in de tekst? (2 punten)

Noteer de letter van de woordgroep achter het nummer op het antwoordblad.
Let op, er blijven vijf woordgroepen over.

- a a checkered and violent past
- b a consequent sense of cohesion
- c a fertile home ground
- d a fundamental reappraisal
- e a period of military power
- f a shared royal line
- g a significant economic recovery

Het vervolg van alinea 6 van tekst 8 is weggehaald (zie [...**36**...]). Het staat hieronder in drie delen, maar niet in de juiste volgorde:

[a] It would have made stealing livestock tricky, as herding lots of animals back over it would be difficult. Also, it will have been symbolically powerful. Perhaps it was just literally drawing a line, asserting power: Anglo-Saxons hold sway up to here.

[b] People don't exactly know why. The answer 'just for fun' can be ruled out because constructing a ditch that long would take a huge amount of effort and resources today – for a small eighth-century kingdom it would have felt as difficult as acquiring a nuclear deterrent. Was it supposed to be a deterrent, a defensive military line? Maybe, but it wouldn't be a very good one, unless it was manned and it doesn't seem likely that it was – it's too long. Assuming an invading army didn't require disabled access, it wouldn't stop them – they could scramble over it.

[c] You may have heard of it. People do walks along it these days. It's a very long earthwork – a ditch with an embankment – that runs roughly along the Welsh-English border or, at the time of construction, the Mercia-Powys border. It's been called Offa's Dyke since time immemorial and, unusually for something like that, it's probably correctly named and was indeed constructed by order of King Offa of Mercia.

Vraag **36** In welke volgorde horen de delen te staan? (1 punt)

Noteer de letters van de delen in de juiste volgorde op het antwoordblad.